## LETTER

FROM

Mr. COCKBURN

TO

The Right Honourable

## JOHN

EARL of ROXBURGH,

One of the Principal SECRETARIES of STATE for the Kingdom of

### SCOTLAND

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heirs and Successors of Andrew Anderson, Printer to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, Anne DOM: 1705.



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# May it please your LORDSHIP,

Minent Character acquir'd
by Your early Merits
and singular Virtues, does not
only invite, but oblige me to address Your Lordship in the following Proposal; Which, if animater by Your Wise Approbation, will redound to Your Lordships Honour, and Countries
Advantage.

Your Lordships Advancement in Learning beyond the ordinary Reach, entitles You to be a Promover of this Design: Therefore I bope that such a Master of Letters, and Well-wisher thereof, will please favour these sew Lines with Your Lordships kind Protedion.

My

### My LORD,

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HE right Institution of Subjects in their tender Years, has been looked upon by all wife Men as the Foundation of the lasting Happiness of Soverains, and the flourishing Condition of Their Dominions. Literature does improve the Mind, and Fashion our Manners, whereby we are the better enabled to exerce our several Functions and Employs in a decent, regular and dutiful Way. The Promotion then of Learning is an Ornament profitable to the Nation. Yet methinks the Common wealth of Letters has not been regarded in a Proportion due to its real Worth. The Method of Teaching in the Universities being confin'd to certain obsolete Rules, does not relish the Taste of this refin'd Age, wherein Learning has chang'd its Scene. At present the Belle's Letters are more in Request than the nice Subtilities and Cob.

web disputes of Philosopy. Upon this ac. count most of our Gentry apprehending the Accademick Learning cloged with a great deal of infignificant Trash and Rub. bifh, seldom notice more than the Languages. And after some small Progress therein, they immediately go Abroad into Forreign Universities, where they are o. verloaded with too many Studies at once. Thus they are necessarly overcharg'd, in respect that they have not acquir'd a sufficient Stock of Knowledge, in order to a more facile Attainment of that particular I Science they intend to be Masters of I This is also the unhappy Occasion of their staying too long from Home, to the Ni- Ii tions and their own vast Charge. Where p as, had They been beiter instructed before fe their Departure hence, They might not he only finili in a shorter Time their Studies; But would also have the Leasure and Op T portunity of informing themselves in the Manners of the People, and the Political Government of several States, which U ought to be the chief Design of Travel-

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In order to remedy in a great measure these Inconveniencies, I intend (after due Pr Encouragement) to inflitute a Colledge of Lecture

Lecture of Moral and Political Learning. In which Lecture the Laws of Nature and Nations shall be fully explained and treated. History also shall also sometimes be intermix'd. The Students will here be rest taught Ethicks or Moral Philosophy, and nto Logick in a concile and perspicuous Way, obvious to very mean Capacities. For, I nce. shall cause them Dispute, Speak, and Write, in in an Easie and Familiar Style.

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offi. This Comprehensive Science (if diligently attended) will contribute much to ular lay a folid Fundation for the studying of. Law or Divinity. It will likewise endue heir Gentlemen with many conspicuous Qua-Na lifications suitable to their Characters. The ere pleasant and easie Method that shall be obfore served in informing the Youth, without not harsh or scholastick Terms, will induce ics; Them greedily to pursue this Knowledge. Op To descant particularly upon this Design, in would be tedious; Therefore I will con-Poli- fine my self to a short Hint thereof, that its hich Ulefulness may be set in a true Light:

avel. The Laws of Nature and Nations, are the Source from which all Municipal Laws sore derive their Origine. It is unto these due Prime Laws that Potentates and States rege of fer the Decision of their Controversies. cture

The greatest part of the Roman Law, which for its Excellency and Politness is rerm'd The Civil, is compil'd from thefe Primary Laws, and it differs not much from them, except in the Matter of Form. The Law of Nature is useful for the Interpretation of the Civil, as well as its Reformation; when the latter is defective, Judges and Lawyers have Recourse to the former, which is the Standard by which all Laws are mealured. For the Great and Noble End of this Law of Nature, is to cultivate and promove the common Interest of Rational Beeings. My intended Lecture then will lay a firm Basis capable to sostain so Noble and Weighty a Superftructure, as that of the Civil Law; And without this deep Fundation, the heavy Fabrick will never be serviceable, but prove Unwieldy.

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The Divine Laws have some Resemblance and nigh Affinity to the Laws of Nature, of which GOD is the Author. When in this Study a Comparasion is stated betwixt the Divine and Natural Laws, and between Revealed, and Natural Religion; Then the Goodness and Suitable ness of GOD's Laws, as well as the Excellency of the Christian Religion may be clearly

clearly decerned and demonstrated. So that this Proposal will he a Good Introduction to Theologie. For it will discover to us what a Reformation of our Lives and Manners is requisite, even conform to the Dictates of Natural Reason. It will evidence to us our Natural Duties to GOD, our Selves and Neighbours, whereby we shall be convinced how much we are indebted to the clearer Light of the Gofpel.

By this proposed Study, our Mind, the better Part of us, will be refined from its grass Errors and Prejudices, our Reason will be liberate from the malign Influence of our Passions, by which we shall be render'd capable of framing such a right Judgement of Matters, as that our Actions may be regulate conform to that which is

Just and Good.

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This Science will inform both Prince and Subject of their mutual Duties. Here the Supreme Power may view his Genuine Interest and Peculiar Province: Here the Inferior may learn his due Alledgiance. So that many Disorders in State may be happily prevented, while the Natural Law is made the Golden Rule of Mens Relative Duties; Which Law inculcates Jue Stice,

Sice, Probity and Virtue, as necessar for

the Support of Societies.

This notable Learning will qualifie Geutlemen for their Princes and Countries Service in Church or State, at Home or A. broad. It will lead Them in to the Secret Springs of State Affairs. The Laws of Peace and War shall here be handled. The Actions and Enterprizes of Princes and Generals shall be compared and duely weight ed, whereby others may be instructed by the Example, and at the Expence of their Antecesfors. By this Science Subjects may be taught how They shall demean them selves in Peace and War. Particular Rules of OEconomicks shall be enjoyn'd and enforc'd, wherein the Prudent Management of Publick and Private Affairs may be attain'd.

Lastly, It is nottour what little notice is taken in teaching Youth to Speak and Write in a proper Style. There are only a few who can express their Thoughts in a neat and quaint' Dialect. Therefore I shall cause Gentlemen compose Discourses in Declamations and Themes. I shall make Them Argue with one another, fo that they shall easily learn Reasoning without difficult Terms. In short, I shall take

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ment in their Mother-Tongue, that is us suffual in Forreign Universities and Schools. This will occasion them to appear at the Barr more briskly, and will acquaint them with an Easie and Polite Expression upon any Occasion.

My Method shall be so Pertinent, that Gentlemen shall not think They undergo a Drudgery or Pennance; But They shall be charm'd into a chearful Prosecution of this Knowledge, in regard They shall quickly perceive and reap the Benefite of their Labour.

How necessar this Design will prove, I leave it to your Lordships Sagacious Consideration. This Undertaking in my humble Opinion, ought to be encouraged, because it will embellish our Youth with many rare Accomplishments, that will be useful to Them, when they come to Act their Parts upon the Theatre of the World.

May it then please your Lordship, to forward this Noble Project, by recommending it to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, (who is a singular Favourer of Virtue) or to the Right Honourable Parliament, that I may be assisted in carrying on

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Design which will undoubtedly accrue to the Nations Interest, under the Auspicious Conduct of your Lordship. I beg not only your Lordships Patronage in this Affair, but also Pardon for thus interrupting You from more Momentuous and Arduous Matters.

That your Lordship may long Live and Prosper, to the Lasting Honour and Splendour of your Queen and Country, is the samest Petition of

My LORD,

Edinburgh the 23d.

Your Lordships most Humble and most Faithful Servant,

WILL: COCKBURN

#### Advertisement:

ALL young Noblemen, and Gentlemen, who desire to be instructed in this Polite Study, may please repair to my Lodgings, opposite to the foot of Nidderie's Wynd, upon the 20th. of June next, where they shall be duely attended.

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